HÎRJOGHE C. IULIAN

TAX CONSULTANT, FINANCIAL AUDITOR, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO: GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF SHAREHOLDERS, COMPANY ROMCOLOR 2000 SA

Opinion

- 1. We audited the attached individual financial statements of ROMCOLOR 2000 SA (the "Company"), headquartered in Copaceni, 1 Salcamului Street, Ilfov County, tax identification number RO 6717137, which includes the balance sheet at December 31st 2019, the profit and loss account, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the financial year ended on this date, as well as a summary of the significant accounting policies and explanatory notes.
- 2. The financial statements mentioned above refer to:

Net assets / Total equity: RON 103,834,051 Net profit for the financial year: RON 11,110,872

- 3. In our opinion, the attached financial statements show faithfully, in all material respects, the Company's financial position as of December 31st, 2019 and its financial performance, as well as its cash flows for the year ended on that date, in accordance with the Order no. 1802/2014 of the Minister of Public Finance, with the subsequent amendments and with the accounting policies described in the notes to the financial statements.
- 4. Without expressing a reservation, we draw attention to the effects of the pandemic of Coronavirus - COVID 19, which may influence the future activity of the Company. The attached financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the principle of business continuity.

Basis for the opinion

5. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISA") and Law No. 162/2017 ("Law"). Our responsibilities under these standards are described in detail in the section "Auditor's Responsibilities within an audit of Financial Statements" from our Report. We are independent to the Company, according to the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the Council



for International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA Code), according to ethical requirements that are relevant for auditing financial statements in Romania, including the Law, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities according to these requirements and according to the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information - Administrators' report

6. The Directors are responsible for preparing and submitting other information. That other information includes the Directors' Report, but does not include the financial statements and the auditor's report thereon, nor the non-financial statement.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover these other information and, unless explicitly mentioned in our report, we do not express any assurance about them.

In connection with the audit of the financial statements for the financial year ended December 31st, 2019, our responsibility is to read that other information and, in doing so, to assess whether that other information is significantly inconsistent with the financial statements or the knowledge we have obtained during the audit, or if they appear to be significantly distorted.

Regarding the Directors' Report, we read and report if it was prepared, in all significant matters, in accordance with the Order no. 1802/2014 of the Minister of Public Finance with subsequent amendments.

Based exclusively on the activities to be carried out during the audit of the financial statements, in our opinion:

- a) The information submitted in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements have been prepared is in accordance, in all material respects, with the financial statements;
- b) The Directors' Report was prepared, in all significant matters, in accordance with the Order no. 1802/2014 of the Minister of Public Finance, with subsequent amendments.

In addition, based on our knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment, acquired during the audit of the financial statements for the financial year ended December 31st, 2019, we are required to report whether we have identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report. We have nothing to report on this issue.

The responsibility of the management and of the persons responsible with the governance for the financial statements

7. The Company's management is responsible for the preparation and accurate submission of these financial statements in accordance with the Order no. 1802/2014



of the Minister of Public Finance, with the subsequent amendments, and with the accounting policies described in the notes to the financial statements. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining an internal control relevant to the preparation and accurate submission of the financial statements that do not contain material misstatement due to fraud or error; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; elaboration of reasonable accounting estimates in the given circumstances.

- 8. In preparing the financial statements, the management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue its activity, presenting, if necessary, the matters related to the continuity of the activity and using the accounting based on the continuity of the activity, unless the management intends to liquidate the Company or to stop operations, or has no other realistic alternative besides them.
- 9. The persons responsible for governance are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Company.

The auditor's responsibilities in an audit of the financial statements

10. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to the extent to which the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but there is no guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing will always detect a significant misstatement, if any.

Distortions may be caused by either fraud or error and are considered significant if it can reasonably be expected that they, individually or cumulatively, will influence the economic decisions of the user, based on these financial statements.

11. As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism during the audit.

Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures in response to those risks, and obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a significant misstatement caused by fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting a significant misstatement caused by error, as fraud may involve secret agreements, forgery, intentional omissions, false statements and avoidance of internal control.
- We understand the internal control relevant to the audit, in order to design audit procedures appropriate to the circumstances, but without the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.



- We assess the adequacy of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates prepared by management, as well as the assessment of the submission of the financial statements taken as a whole.
- We formulate a conclusion regarding the adequacy of the management's use of accounting based on the principle of business continuity and determine, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether there is significant uncertainty about events or conditions that could raise significant doubts about capacity of the Company to continue its activity. If we conclude that there is significant uncertainty, we must draw attention in the auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, change our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of the auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease its activity based on the principle of business continuity.
- We assess the presentation, structure and general content of the financial statements, including disclosures, and the extent to which the financial statements reflect the underlying transactions and events, in a manner that provides a fair presentation.
- 12. We communicate to the persons responsible for governance, among other aspects, the planned area and timing of the audit, as well as the main findings of the audit, including any significant deficiencies in internal control, which we identify during the audit.

Illegible signature Iulian Hirjoghe

Registered with the Chamber of Financial Auditors in Romania

Authorization no. 2877/24.02.2009

Round stamp: Chamber of Financial Auditors in Romania

Hirjoghe Iulian No. 2877

Bucharest, March 27th, 2020

Statutory Audit Public Oversight Authority (ASPAAS) Financial Auditor: IULIAN HIRJOGHE Electronic Public Register: AF 2877



ROMCOLOR 2000 SA BALANCE SHEET ON DECEMBER 31st, 2019

(all amounts are expressed in "RON", unless otherwise specified)

Lallandan	Row	Balance on January 1st,	Balance on December 31st,
Indicator name	no.	2019	2019
A. FIXED ASSETS	7	20.921	£2 922
INTANGIBLE ASSETS TANGIBLE ASSETS	7 17	20,831 37,231,149	53,833
FINANCIAL ASSETS	24		35,492,018
TOTAL FIXED ASSETS	2 4 25	952 37,252,932	1,952 35,547,803
TOTAL FIXED ASSETS	25 _	31,252,932	35,547,803
B. CURRENT ASSETS			
I. INVENTORIES	30	29,908,037	27,590,110
II. RECEIVABLES	36	28,650,758	33,289,776
III. PETTY CASH AND BANK		, ,	, ,
ACCOUNTS	40	7,307,105	14,569,643
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	41	65,865,900	75,449,529
			, ,
C. DEFERRED EXPENSES	42	110,684	521,723
D. DEBTS: AMOUNTS TO BE PAID WITHIN A PERIOD OF UP TO ONE YEAR	53	9,078,878	7,685,004
E. NET CURRENT ASSETS / NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	54 _	56,897,706	68,286,248
F. TOTAL ASSETS MINUS CURRENT DEBTS (row 25 + 44 + 54)	55 _	94,150,638	103,834,051
J. CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
I. CAPITAL	85	8,354,410	8,354,410
IV. RESERVES	91	31,572,017	33,119,007
V. PROFIT OR LOSS CARRIED			
FORWARD	0.5	46 100 450	50.706.750
- Credit Balance	95 06	46,192,452	52,796,752
- Debit Balance VI. PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE TAX YEAR	96	-	-
 Credit balance 	97	8,164,366	11,110,872
- Debit balance	98	-	-
Allocation of profit (acct. 129)	99	132,607	1,546,990
TOTAL OWN EQUITY	100	94,150,638	103,834,051
TOTAL EQUITY	103	94,150,638	103,834,051

These financial statements were approved today, March 27th, 2020.

Tonescu Florin, Mocioaca Anca,
Director Chief Financial Officer

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ROMCOLOR 2000 SA PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT ON DECEMBER 31st, 2019

(all amounts are expressed in "RON", unless otherwise specified)

		Tax year	ended on:	
Indicator name		December 31 st , 2018	December 31 st , 2019	
1. Net turnover	1	110,901,827	114,958,791	
Production sold	2	99,097,179	103,049,673	
Income from sale of goods	3	12,259,495	12,773,074	
Commercial discounts granted	4	454,847	863,956	
2. Revenues related to the cost of production in progress	7/8	1,296,271	(2,840,113)	
7. Other operating revenues	13	97,935	37,382	
TOTAL OPERATING INCOME	16	112,296,033	112,156,060	
8.a) Cost of raw materials and consumables	17	70,910,899	67,373,272	
Other material expenses	18	318,504	317,370	
8.b) Other external expenses (energy and water)	19	1,575,292	1,916,936	
8.c) Expenditure on goods	20	11,297,593	11,549,928	
Trade discounts received	21	480,119	334,987	
9. Staff costs	22	8,694,112	9,260,176	
a) Wages and allowances	23	8,464,078	8,982,752	
b) Expenses with insurance and social protection	24	230,034	277,424	
10. a) Value adjustments regarding tangible and				
intangible assets	25	4,846,708	3,959,447	
a.1) Expenses	26	4,846,708	3,959,447	
10.b) Value adjustments on current assets	28	195,312	13,431	
b.1) Expenses	29	429,642	193,694	
b.2) Income	30	234,330	180,263	
11. Other operating expenses	31	5,533,866	5,884,552	
11.1.Expenditures on external services	32	4,806,251	5,360,542	
11.2. Expenses with other taxes and fees	33	463,831	386,276	
11.3.Other expenses	37	263,784	137,734	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	42	102,892,167	99,940,580	
OPERATING PROFIT OR LOSS				
- Profit	43	9,403,866	12,215,480	
- Loss	44			
13. Interest income	47	5,380	24,641	
14. Other financial incomes	50	669,957	1,199,363	
TOTAL FINANCIAL INCOME	52	675,337	1,224,004	



ROMCOLOR 2000 SA PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT ON DECEMBER 31st, 2019

(all amounts are expressed in "RON", unless otherwise specified)

		Tax year	ended on:
Indicator name	Row	December	December 31st,
	no.	31 st , 2018	2019
17. Interest charges	56	25,427	4,440
Other financial expenses	58	453,267	616,065
TOTAL FINANCIAL EXPENSES	59	478,694	620,505
FINANCIAL PROFIT OR LOSS			
- Profit	60	196,644	603,499
- Loss	61	, -	-
TOTAL INCOME	62	112,971,370	113,380,064
TOTAL EXPENSES	63	103,370,861	100,561,085
18. GROSS PROFIT OR LOSS			
- Profit	64	9,600,509	12,818,979
- Loss	65	, , , , <u>-</u>	-
19. CORPORATE TAX	66	1,436,143	1,708,107
21. NET PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD			
- Profit	68	8,164,366	11,110,872
- Loss	69	-, - ,	-

These financial statements were approved today, March 27th, 2020.

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ROMCOLOR 2000 SA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ON DECEMBER 31st 2019

ON DECEMBER 31st, 2019
(all amounts are expressed in "RON", unless otherwise specified)

	2018	2019
1. Cash flows from operating activities, of which:		
Gross profit before tax	9,600,509	12,818,979
Adjustments for:		
- amortization	4,846,708	3,959,447
 exchange rate differences - customers / suppliers / banks 	4,254	(66,180
- net result from the capitalization of fixed assets	(22,057)	(4,781
- financial expenses, net	19,333	(62,906
manetar expenses, net	14,448,747	16,644,559
Working capital variation:	11,110,717	10,011,000
- inventories	2,067,300	373,565
- customer receivables	(351,320)	(4,304,659
- other receivables and expenses in advance	190,120	1,200,354
- current debt suppliers	1,318,716	(1,368,919
- other debts	405,661	(197,912
	18,079,224	12,346,988
Profit tax paid	(1,815,605)	(1,470,324
Paid debts	(25,427)	(4,440
	16,238,192	10,872,224
2. Cash flows from investment activities:		
- acquisitions of fixed assets	(4,455,118)	(2,253,316
 proceeds from sales of fixed assets 	21,896	3,781
- interest and other similar income received	6,094	67,340
	4,427,128	2,182,189
3. Cash flows from financing activities:		
 payment of dividends 	(1,397,656)	(1,427,447)
- (payments)/ loan receipts, net	(5,095,735)	
	(6,493,391)	(1,427,447)
4. TOTAL	5,317,673	7,262,588
5. Cash at the beginning of the period	1,989,432	7,307,105
6. Cash at the end of the period	7,307,105	14,569,643
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nescu Florin,	Mocioaca Anca,	

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Director



Chief Financial Officer

ROMCOLOR 2000 SA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY ON DECEMBER 31st, 2019

(all amounts are expressed in "RON", unless otherwise specified)

	BALANCE	INCREASE DISCOUNTS		BALANCE		
ITEM NAME	ON 01.01.2019	TOTAL	BY TRANSFER	TOTAL	BY TRANSFER	ON 31.12.2019
SUBSCRIBED						
CAPITAL	8,354,410					8,354,410
LEGAL						
RESERVES	1,670,882					1,670,882
STATUTORY						
AND						
CONTRACTUAL						
RESERVES	-					-
OTHER						
RESERVES	29,901,135	1,546,990	1,546,990			31,448,125
REPORTED						
RESULT	46,192,452	8,031,760	8,031,760	1,427,460		52,796,752
TAX YEAR						
PROFIT	8,164,366	11,110,872		8,164,366	8,164,366	11,110,872
ALLOCATION						
OF THE PROFIT	(132,607)	132,607	132,607	1,546,990	1,546,990	(1,546,990)
TOTAL						
EQUITY	94,150,638	20,822,229	9,711,357	11,138,816	9,711,356	103,834,051

These financial statements were approved today, March 27th, 2020.

Illegible signature
Tonescu Florin,

Director

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Mocioaca Anca,
Chief Financial Officer

Round stamp: Romcolor 2000 S.A.



(all amounts are expressed in "RON", unless otherwise specified)

DIRECTOR'S REPORT

The data contained in the financial statements composed of: balance sheet, profit and loss account and explanatory notes, prepared on 31.12.2019 reflect the activity carried out by ROMCOLOR 2000 SA in 2019 and correspond to the accounting records organized and kept up to date in accordance with the legal provisions in force, agreed with the real statement of the patrimonial elements.

The entire financial accounting activity during January 1st - December 31st, 2019 of S.C. ROMCOLOR 2000 SA considered the observance of the following principles:

- The principle of business continuity;
- The principle of permanence of methods;
- The principle of prudence;
- The principle of accrual accounting;
- The principle of intangibility;
- The principle of separate valuation of assets and liabilities;
- The principle of non-compensation;
- Accounting and presentation of the elements in the balance sheet and in the profit and loss account taking into account the economic fund of the transaction or commitment in question;
- The principle of valuation at acquisition cost or production cost;
- The principle of significance threshold.

Continuity of activity

These financial statements have been prepared based on the business continuity principle, which assumes that the Company will normally continue its activity in the foreseeable future without entering into a state of liquidation or significant reduction of the activity.

To assess the applicability of this presumption, management analyzes forecasts of future cash inflows. Based on these analyzes, the management believes that the Company will be able to continue its activity in the foreseeable future and therefore, the application of the principle of continuity of activity in the preparation of the financial statements is justified.

Using estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in accordance with Order 1802/2014 of the MPF with subsequent amendments requires that the management of the Company make estimates that could affect the reported values of assets and liabilities as well as income and expenses related to the reporting period. Actual results may differ from estimated values. These estimates are periodically reviewed, and any necessary adjustments are reported in the income statement in the period in which they were recorded. Although these individual



(all amounts are expressed in "RON", unless otherwise specified)

estimates present some degree of uncertainty, its overall effect on the financial statements is considered insignificant.

Share capital

On 31.12.2019, the paid-up share capital of the Company was RON 8,354,410 consisting of 83,544,100 shares, each with a nominal value of RON 0.10 held by the shareholders:

Name	No. of shares	Percentage	Share capital value (RON)
PLASTIKA KRITIS	83,533,275	99.987%	8,353,328
TEODOR VALD	10,000	0.012%	1,000
DANIEL STOENESCU	825	0.001%	82
Total:	83,544,100	100.000%	8,354,410

All shares are ordinary and registered, they have been subscribed and their value paid in full.

INFORMATION REGARDING EMPLOYEES, DIRECTORS AND MANAGERS

The average number of employees and the gross salaries granted during the years ended December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2018 were as follows:

	31.12.2018		31.12.2	2019
	No. of employees	Gross salaries	No. of employees	Gross salaries
PRODUCTION Department ADMINISTRATIV	71	4,923,531	73	5,453,716
Department	10	1,541,472	10	1,437,557
SALES Department	11	1,690,360	11	1,793,015
Total	92	8,155,363	94	8,684,288

During 2019, meal vouchers of RON 298,464 were also granted.

Management of the Company

In 2019, the Company was managed and administered by Mr. Tonescu Florin as General Manager and Director.



(all amounts are expressed in "RON", unless otherwise specified)

The General Manager has the power to represent the Company in relations with third parties, being able to sign any documents related to the activity of the Company, his signature committing the Company from a legal point of view.



(all amounts are expressed in "RON", unless otherwise specified)

ANALYSIS OF THE TAX YEAR OUTCOME

No.	ITEM NAME	31.12.2018	31.12.2019
1	Net turnover	110,901,827	114,958,791
2	Operating income	112,296,033	112,156,060
3	Operating expenses	102,892,167	99,940,580
4	Operating outcome	9,403,866	12,215,480
5	Financial income	675,337	1,224,004
6	Financial expenses	478,694	620,505
7	Financial result	196,643	603,499
8	Total income	112,971,370	113,380,064
9	Total expenses	103,370,861	100,561,085
10	Gross result of the tax year	9,600,509	12,818,979
11	Corporate income	1,436,143	1,708,107
12	Net result of the tax year	8,164,366	11,110,872

Operating activity

The Company ROMCOLOR 2000 SA has as main object of activity the manufacture and sale of plastic products (NACE code 2229).

In 2019, the Company ROMCOLOR 2000 SA registered a net turnover amounting to RON 114,958,791, registering an increase of 4% compared to the turnover achieved in 2018.

Net turnover 2018-2019	Tax year ended on December 31st, 2018	Tax year ended on December 31st, 2019
Turnover		
Income from the sale of finished products	98,137,391	101,957,572
Income from sale of goods	12,259,495	12,773,074
Income from other activities	959.799	1,092,101
Trade discounts granted	(454,847)	(863,956)
Total	110,901,827	114,958,791



(all amounts are expressed in "RON", unless otherwise specified)

The main financial indicators

		December 31st, 2018	December 31st, 2019
1.	Liquidity indicator		
a)	Current liquidity indicator	7.27	9.89
b)	Immediate liquidity indicator	3.97	6.30
2.	Risk indicators		
a)	The degree of indebtedness	0%	0%
b)	The indicator regarding the interest coverage	379	2,888
3.	Activity indicator		
a)	Inventories turnover rate	3	3.3
b)	Days of storage	120	111
c)	Days sales outstanding	94	98
d)	Accounts receivable turnover in days	28	28
e)	Fixed assets turnover	2.98	3.23
f)	Total assets turnover	1.07	1.03
4.	Profitability indicators		
a)	Return on capital employed	0.10	0.12
b)	Gross sales margin rate	16%	18%

Potential risks

Market risk in the conditions of the pandemic caused by COVID 19.

Market risk is manifested by the instability of the economic environment that can influence the Company's management decisions. In order to counteract the unfavourable effects of the market risk, the Company plans its activity on a series of economic premises based as realistic as possible. The management cannot foresee the changes that will take place in Romania and their effects on the financial situation, on the operating results and on the



(all amounts are expressed in "RON", unless otherwise specified)

Company's cash flows in 2020. The Company intends to continue its activity, in conditions of maximum safety for employees, without ceasing to stop the production.

Currency and inflation risk

The Company conducts transactions denominated in various currencies, including the euro ("EUR"). The Company's business and results are subject to fluctuations in the exchange rates of these currencies.

Liquidity risk

The Company's policy is to maintain sufficient liquidity to pay the obligations when they become due. The Company's management is convinced that the liquidity risk is sufficiently well pursued in the near future.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk has two components:

- rate risk: and
- cash flow risk.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in the market interest rate.

Cash flow risk is the risk of changes in interest costs over time.

The Company's management considers that it has no short-term and long-term financial debts bearing variable and fixed interest, which would determine the Company's exposure to both price risk and cash flow uncertainty.

Credit risk

The credit risk is the risk that one of the parties to the financial instrument will not perform its assumed obligation, thus causing the other party a financial loss.

The Company's management closely and constantly monitors the exposure to credit risk.

ORGANIZATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF INTERNAL CONTROL WITHIN THE COMPANY



(all amounts are expressed in "RON", unless otherwise specified)

In accordance with Chapter 11 of the Accounting Regulations compliant with the European Directives approved by Order 1802/2014 of the MPF, the Company's internal control aims to ensure:

- 1. Compliance with the legislation in force;
- 2. Applying the decisions taken by the management of the unit;
- 3. The good functioning of the internal activity of the entity;
- 4. Reliability of financial information;
- 5. Effectiveness of the entity's operations;
- 6. Efficient use of resources;
- 7. Prevention and control of risks of not achieving the set objectives.

The purpose of internal control is to ensure the coherence of objectives, to identify the key success factors and to communicate to the Company's management, in real time, the information regarding the performances and perspectives.

OBJECTIVES OF THE INTERNAL CONTROL ACTIVITY

The internal control procedures aim at:

- 1. following the registration of the activity of the entity and of the personnel behavior within the framework defined by the legislation in force, the values, norms and internal rules of the entity;
- 2. checking whether the communicated accounting, financial and management information correctly reflects the activity and the situation of the entity.

COMPONENT ELEMENTS OF INTERNAL CONTROL WITHIN THE COMPANY

The component elements that define the way of exercising the internal control:

- development of appropriate procedures, modalities and information systems, tools and appropriate practices;
- a clear definition of responsibilities and identification of existing resources;
- internal dissemination of relevant, reliable information, the knowledge of which allows everyone to exercise their responsibilities;
- the development of a system that aims, on the one hand, to analyze the main identifiable risks in terms of the company's objectives and, on the other hand, to ensure the existence of procedures for managing these risks;
- exercising the appropriate control activity, for each process, activities designed to reduce the risks likely to affect the achievement of the entity's objectives;



(all amounts are expressed in "RON", unless otherwise specified)

• a permanent supervision of the internal control device, as well as an examination of its operation.

The control activities are an integral part of the management process through which the Company aims to achieve the proposed objectives.

The control aims at applying the norms and procedures of internal control, at all hierarchical and functional levels: the decisional authority regarding the definition on hierarchical levels of the approvals, the evaluation of the operational performances, the security of the assets, the separation of the functions.

The existing procedures relating to internal controls cover the following areas of interest:

- Procedures regarding the elaboration of business plans;
- The access to the turnovers and the segregation of the responsibilities of the Company's employees is achieved in accordance with the Company's standards;
- Revenue and expenditure budgets are properly controlled by budget managers;
- The following procedures regarding the activities carried out in the Company and to
 ensure its control in accordance with the policy promoted by the Company have been
 developed:
- Procedures relating to Fixed Assets and Inventory Items;
- Procedure regarding the procurement of goods and services;
- Procedure regarding the payment of invoices suppliers of goods and services;
- Cash management procedure;
- Procedures related to order processing;
- Product delivery;
- Processing in the invoicing system the receipts from customers;
- The procedure regarding the refusal to pay the OR and the cheques introduced for settlement in the banking circuit;
- Procedure for recovering outstanding receivables;
- Goods return procedures from customers;
- The procedure regarding the establishment of adjustments for the depreciation of receivables clients;
- Stocks procedures
- Inventory procedures;
- Establishing adjustments for inventory depreciation;
- Procedures regarding the scrapping of goods in the company's inventory.
- Procedures regarding the settlement of travel expenses in the interest of the service;
- Procedures related to fleet monitoring
- Procedures that ensure the protection of information security and the Company's movable assets;



(all amounts are expressed in "RON", unless otherwise specified)

The Company's management closely and constantly monitors the way in which the control procedures are applied on all levels of interest.

Events after the balance sheet date

Until the date of signing these financial statements, we report the effects of the pandemic of Coronavirus - COVI D 19, which may influence the financial statements of 2020, without leading to the adjustment of the financial statements of 2019. The Company intends to continue its activity, under conditions of maximum safety for employees, without stopping the production.

Tonescu Florin, Director Illegible signature

